

## INTEGRATED M A PROGRAMME IN SOCIAL SCIENCES - ECONOMICS EXAMINATION, MARCH 2023

(2022 Admission Regular)

SEMESTER II - CORE COURSE

EC02C08IM20 - MATHEMATICS AND MARGINAL ANALYSIS

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Weight : 30

## Part A

I. Answer any Eight questions. Each question carries 1 weight

(8x1=8)

1. Bring out the differences between definitional, behavioural and conditional equations.
2. Differentiate between a constant and a parameter.
3. Write slope and intercept of the function  $y = 3x+2$ .
4. Define the concepts of origin and quadrants in a graph.
5. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ , find  $5A$ ?
6. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 0 & 7 \\ 7 & -2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  find  $3A$ .
7. What are the implications of difference quotient being positive or negative?
8. Differentiate (a)  $y = x^2 + 62$  (b)  $y = 10x^2 + x^{1/2}$
9. State the sufficient and necessary condition for profit maximisation.
10. If  $TC = Q^2 + 7Q + 23$ , find MC?

## Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 2 weight

(6x2=12)

11. Solve the following simultaneous equations:  
 $y = 2x^2 + 3x + 2$ ;  
 $y = x^2 + 2x + 8$ .
12. Prepare a table of values of  $y = 2x + 1$ , and plot the graph.
13. If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 & 7 \\ -2 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 3 & -9 \end{bmatrix}$ , find cofactors of the elements 6 and -9.
14. Find the inverse of A, where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 7 \\ 2 & -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$
15. Differentiate  $y = \frac{5x^2 - 9x + 8}{x^2 + 1}$
16. Explain what happens to a multiplicative constant and additive constant during differentiation by solving  $3x+2$ .

17. Define the marginal concepts of revenue and cost.
18. Explain the conditions of (a) maxima and minima (b) concavity and convexity.

### Part C

**III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 5 weight**

**(2x5=10)**

19. Solve the simultaneous equations:

$$z = x + y + 4$$

$$z = 2x - y$$

$$z = 3x - 4y$$

20. Find the equilibrium price and quantity for the following markets, with the aid of graphs: (a)  $Q_s = -20 + 3P$  &  $Q_d = 220 - 5P$  (b)  $Q_s + 32 - 7P = 0$  &  $Q_d - 128 + 9P = 0$

21. Use matrix inversion to solve the following linear simultaneous equations:

$$4x + y - 5z = 8$$

$$-2x + 3y + z = 12$$

$$3x - y + 4z = 5$$

22. For each of the following functions, (1) find the second-order derivative and (2) evaluate it at  $x = 2$ . (a)  $y = 7x^3 + 5x^2 + 12$  (b)  $y = x^6 + 3x^4 + x$  (c)  $y = (2x+3)(8x^2-6)$  (d)  $(x^4-3)(x^3-2)$  (e)  $y = \frac{5x}{1-3x}$