Reg. No	
Name :	

BACHELOR'S DEGREE (C.B.C.S) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2025 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 ADMISSIONS SUPPLEMENTARY SEMESTER II - CORE COURSE (HISTORY)

HY2B02B18 - Understanding Early India: from Hunting Gatherers to Land Grants

Time : 3 Hours Maximum Marks : 80

Part A

I. Answer any Ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks

(10x2=20)

- 1. What is Bhimbetka caves famous for?
- 2. What is the significant feature of Lothal site?
- 3. Name four important Neolithic sites in India.
- 4. What are Sutras in the Vedic age?
- 5. Why was the Brahamanas given importance among the Vedic texts?
- 6. Mention the types of pottery discovered during the Vedic age.
- 7. What is meant by the Tinai concept?
- 8. Name the major Tamil Epics of the Sangam Age.
- 9. What is the importance of Pattadakal site?
- 10. Cite the importance of the Mathura style of art.
- 11. Why is Amoghavarsha I considered as the greatest ruler of the Rashtrakutas?
- 12. Who were the Pallavas?

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

(6x5=30)

- 13. Examine the religious beliefs of the people of the Indus Valley Civilization.
- 14. Describe the religious and burial practices of the Harappans.
- 15. Examine the collection of monuments used in the reconstruction of Early Indian history.
- 16. Examine the role of women in the Vedic age.
- 17. Discuss the debates put forward regarding the origin of the Aryans.
- 18. Explain the social doctrine of Varnasrama Dharma.
- 19. Bring out the history of the Macedonian invasion of India.
- 20. Discuss the features of Gandhara and Andhra school of art.
- 21. Briefly describe the political history of the Chola empire.

Part C

ill. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 15 marks

(2x15=30)

- 22. The Indus Valley Civilization was an urban civilization. Justify.
- 23. Examine the Vedic culture in terms of its administration, society, and economy.
- 24. The sixth century BCE is known as an 'Era of Second Urbanisation'. How far this statement can be related to the rise of the Mahajanapadas of the Indo-Gangetic plains?
- 25. The manifestation of religion and culture is witnessed in temple architecture. Justify this statement by tracing the development of different temple architecture in India.