

DIPLOMA EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2024
(2024 Admission Regular)
SEMESTER I – SKILL COURSE
DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION
VBA1S02D24: AREAS OF FINANCIAL DECISIONS

Time: 3 Hours**Maximum Marks: 60****PART A****I. Answer all the questions in this part. Each question carries 1 mark****A Choose the correct answer from the following options.**

1. Cash budget is a combination of
 - a. assets & liabilities
 - b. receipts & payments
 - c. investments & loans
 - d. None of the above
2. Dividend Per Share ratio is part of
 - a. Profitability ratio
 - b. Short term solvency ratio
 - c. Overall profitability ratio
 - d. Turnover ratio
3. Debt Equity ratios show the relationship between shareholders fund and
 - a. Short term debt
 - b. Long term debt
 - c. Current liability
 - d. Total assets
4. Indirect overheads are given to different departments
 - a. Allocated
 - b. Apportioned
 - c. Charged
 - d. Distributed
5. In Cash Flow statement office expenses paid are shown in
 - a. Cash flow from investing activities
 - b. Cash flow from operating activities
 - c. Cash flow from financing activities
 - d. None of the above

B. Match the following

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---|------------------------|
| 6. Long term solvency | - | A. Emergency purchase |
| 7. Danger level | - | B. Receipts & Payments |
| 8. Cash budget | - | C. Debt equity ratio |
| 9. Current assets | - | D. Sales or profit |
| 10. Trend analysis | - | E. Current liability |

C True | False

11. Expense Ratio is a part of Profitability Ratio.
12. Window dressing is a limitation of Trend analysis.
13. Debtors turnover ratio is expressed in times.
14. Ratio analysis considers only quantitative data.
15. Net cash from operations is computed in Fund Flow statement.

D Fill in the blanks with correct word.

16. Gross profit divided by _____ gives you Gross Profit ratio.
17. For different level of production _____ budget is prepared.
18. Debtors collection period can be computed using _____ turnover ratio.
19. Profitability ratios are expressed in _____.
20. _____ is the starting point of cash budget.

(20 x 1 = 20)

PART B**II. Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.**

21. What are the different classifications of budgets?
22. Explain the types of Short-term liquidity ratios.
23. Write 4 tools used in to analyse the financial positions.
24. Write limitations of Break even chart.
25. How is Interest Coverage ratio calculated?
26. Find out trend % for the following

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Sales in Lakhs	400	320	480	500	620

27. Compute EOQ
Consumption PA - 6000 units
Ordering cost per order - 15/- per order
Inventory carry cost - 0.50
Also find out number of orders to be placed during the year

(5x2= 10)

PART C**III. Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks.**

28. Compute different levels of stock
 - e. Reorder level
 - f. Minimum level
 - g. Maximum level
 - h. Average stock level
- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----------|
| Maximum consumption in a month | - | 300 units |
| Minimum consumption in a month | - | 200 units |
| Normal consumption in a month | - | 225 units |
| Time lag for procuring the material | | |
| maximum | - | 6 months |
| minimum | - | 2 month |
| EOQ | - | 750 units |