

TB173520C

Reg. No: .....

Name: .....

**B. Sc. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2018**  
**(2017 Admissions Regular, 2016 Admissions Supplementary/Improvement & 2015**  
**Admissions Supplementary)**  
**SEMESTER III – COMPLEMENTARY COURSE (MATHEMATICS)**  
**MT3CPC03B - VECTOR CALCULUS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND**  
**ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY**  
**(For Physics and Chemistry)**

Time: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

**PART A**

**I Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark**

1. Write the vector function representing Helix.
2. Show that  $F = (2x - 3) i - 2 j + (\cos z) k$  is not conservative.
3. Find the general integrating factor of  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = x^3$
4. Write the Bernoulli's equation.
5. Find the polar equation of  $x - y = 3$
6. What is the eccentricity of the hyperbola  $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$

(6x1=6)

**PART B**

**II Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks**

7. Find N for the curve  $r(t) = (\cos t + t \sin t) i + (\sin t - t \cos t) j$ ,  $t > 0$ .
8. Find the derivative of  $f(x, y) = xe^y + \cos(xy)$  at the point (2, 0) in the direction of  $a = 3i - 4j$ .
9. Evaluate  $\int_C (x - y + z - 2) ds$  where C is the straight line segment from  $x = t, y = 1 - t, z = 1$ , from (0,1,0) to (1,0,0).
10. Find the work done by F over the curve in the direction of increasing t where  $F = 2y i + 3x j + (x+y)k, r(t) = (\cos t) i + (\sin t)j - (\frac{t}{6})k, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ .
11. Find the outward flux of the field  $F(x,y) = xi + y^2j$  across the square bounded by the lines  $x = \pm 1$  and  $y = \pm 1$ .
12. Solve  $(x + \sin y)dx + (y^2 + x \cos y)dy = 0$
13. Solve  $y - px = \frac{p}{1+p}$
14. Find the centre, vertices of the hyperbola  $x^2 - y^2 - 2x + 4y = 4$
15. The parabola  $x^2 = -4y$  is shifted left 1 unit and 3 unit to generate the parabola  $(x + 1)^2 = -4(y - 3)$ . Find the vertex, foci and directrix of new parabola.
16. Write the parametric representation of the hyperbola  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$

(7x2=14)

**PART C**

**IV Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks**

17. The velocity of a particle moving in space is given by  $\frac{dr}{dt} = \cos t \mathbf{i} - \sin t \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ . Find the particles position as a function of  $t$  if  $\mathbf{r} = 2 \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{k}$  when  $t = 0$ .
18. Find the curvature for the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = e^t \cos t \mathbf{i} + e^t \sin t \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$ .
19. Find the area of the surface cut from the paraboloid  $x^2 + y^2 - z = 0$  by the plane  $z = 2$ .
20. Use divergence theorem to find the outward flux  $\mathbf{F}$  across the boundary of the region  $D$ , where  $\mathbf{F} = (y - x) \mathbf{i} + (z - y) \mathbf{j} + (y - x) \mathbf{k}$  and  $D$  is the cube bounded by the planes  $x = \pm 1, y = \pm 1$  and  $z = \pm 1$ .
21. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} - 2y = \frac{3y^4}{x}, y(1) = 1/2$
22. Solve  $(x + y)dy + (x - y)dx = 0$
23. Solve  $x \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^3 - 12 \frac{dy}{dx} - 8 = 0$
24. Convert the following equation to polar equation
- a)  $(x - 2)^2 + y^2 = 4$
- b)  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$

**(5x6=30)**

**PART D**

**IV Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks**

25. Find  $T, N$  and  $\kappa$  for the space curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = (3 \sin t) \mathbf{i} + (3 \cos t) \mathbf{j} + 4 t \mathbf{k}$
26. Use stoke's theorem to calculate the circulation of the field  $\mathbf{F} = 2y \mathbf{i} + 3x \mathbf{j} - z^2 \mathbf{k}$  around the curve  $C = x^2 + y^2 = 9$  in the  $xy$  plane counter clock wise.
27. Sketch the ellipse which include the directrix that corresponds to the focus at the origin
- (a)  $r = \frac{25}{10 - 5 \cos \theta}$  (b)  $r = \frac{400}{16 + 8 \sin \theta}$
28. Solve the differential equation
- a)  $y^2 - 1 - p^2 = 0$
- b)  $\frac{x}{y} (\ln x - \ln y - 1) dy = -dx, y(1) = e$

**(2x15=30)**