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MASTER'S DEGREE (C.S.S) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2024 2022 ADMISSIONS REGULAR SEMESTER IV - Economics

EC4E08TM20 - Game Theory and Its Economic Applications

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Weight: 30

Part A

I. Answer any Eight questions. Each question carries 1 weight.

(8x1=8)

- 1. What are the important specifications to be included in a normal form representation of the game?
- 2. What is a Nash equilibrium?
- 3. Analytically, what is the difference between a repeated game with an uncertain end and an infinitely repeated game?
- 4. The matching pennies game is an example of a non-zero-sum game because someone always ends up with a penny. Do you agree? Why not?
- 5. Give an idea on game tree. Illustrate it by means of a diagram.
- 6. Briefly explain the term risk premium.
- 7. What do you mean by player's belief profile.
- 8. Define an information set. Illustrate using diagram.
- 9. Explain the uses of game theory.
- 10. Briefly explain winners curse in auction.

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 2 weight

(6x2=12)

- 11. What is a Nash equilibrium? 'To have a Nash equilibrium is it necessary for both players to have a strictly dominant strategy?'-Explain.
- 12. Differentiate between cooperative and non-cooperative games.
- 13. State and explain the minimax theorem with suitable example.
- 14. Explain the difference between a credible threat and a trigger strategy. How are they similar?
- 15. How is backward induction method used to determine a subgame perfect equilibrium?
- 16. Describe a subgame perfect equilibrium.
- 17. Elucidate dynamic games with incomplete information.
- 18. Briefly explain Median voter theorem.

Part C

III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 5 weight

(2x5=10)

- 19. 'A rational player should adopt a dominant strategy whenever possible. Alternatively, a rational player should not adopt a dominated strategy'-Explain
- 20. Explain how fold-back method reduces finitely repeated, pure-strategy games with complete information with a certain end, to a series of noncooperative, one-time, static games.
- 21. Discuss the concepts of Information sets and Bayesian updating.
- 22. Explain the methods of alternative voting schemes.

