TB246822F

Reg. No :....

Name :....

BACHELOR'S DEGREE (C.B.C.S) EXAMINATION, MARCH 2024 2021 ADMISSIONS REGULAR SEMESTER VI - CORE COURSE (CHEMISTRY) CH6B09B18 - Inorganic Chemistry

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 60

Part A

I. Answer any Ten questions. Each question carries 1 mark

(10x1=10)

- 1. Explain why tetrahedral complexes generally do not show cis trans isomerism.
- 2. Explain spectrochemical series.
- 3. Explain the spin only formula of magnetic moment.
- Discuss the IUPAC nomenclature of neutral ligands with two examples.
- 5. State EAN of metals in metal carbonyls.
- Sketch Ferrocene.
- Sketch Mn₂(CO)₁₀.
- 8. Visualise the structure of carboplatin.
- 9. List the biological functions of Fe and Cu.
- 10. Visualise the structure of cisplatin.
- 11. Give examples for pseudohalides.
- 12. Write any one method for the preparation of IF5

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

(6x5=30)

- 13. Differentiate between step wise stability constant and overall stability constant.
- 14. Compare the splitting of d orbitals in a) Octahedral and b) Tetrahedral ligand field.
- 15. Explain trans effect and its application.
- 16. Explain Werner's co-ordination theory.
- 17. Explain the stability of organometallic compounds using 18- electron rule.
- 18. Write a note on Metal-alkene complex.
- 19. Describe the structure and functions of myoglobin.
- 20. Speculate the structure of haemoglobin.
- 21. Define pseudohalogens. Describe the important characteristics of pseudohalogens.

Part C

III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 10 marks

(2x10=20)

- 22. Disuss the following a) VBT its merits and demerits b) CFT its merits and demerits.
- 23. Explain the following with examples a) High spin and low spin complexes b) inner and outer orbital complexes c) inert and labile complexes d) chelated and non- chelated complexes.
- 24. Speculate the catalytic properties of organometallic compounds.
- 25. a) Discuss in details the preparations and structure of Diborane. b) Discuss the structure of Boric acid.