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BACHELOR'S DEGREE (C.B.C.S.) EXAMINATION, FEBRUARY 2024 2021 ADMISSIONS SUPPLEMENTARY (SAY) SEMESTER V - CORE COURSE (NUTRITION AND DIETETICS)

ND5B12B20 - Nutritional Epidemiology

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Part A

I. Answer any Ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks

(10x2=20)

- 1. Define nutritional epidemiology.
- 2. Explain complexity of diet as a challenge in carrying out nutritional epidemiological studies.
- 3. Explain the difference between null hypothesis and alternate hypothesis.
- 4. What is the significance of selecting appropriate study designs in epidemiological research?
- 5. What is a cohort? Give example.
- 6. Describe RRR.
- 7. Compare infant mortality rate and maternal mortality rate.
- 8. Summarize BOND program along with 2 aims...
- 9. What is social desirability bias and how is it different from interviewer bias?
- 10. Explain validity of food frequency questionnaire.
- 11. Discuss diet variation.
- 12. Discuss the factors affecting sensitivity to dietary intake.

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

(6x5=30)

- 13. The investigations of pellagra are a classic example and they illustrate some of the strengths of epidemiology. Justify the statement.
- 14. Explain the epidemiological study carried out which later became highly relevant in case of recommendations for pregnant women.
- 15. Describe exposures and outcomes with three examples.
- 16. Explain ecological fallacy.
- 17. Discuss the significance of RCTs.
- 18. Illustrate BOND's classification of nutritional biomarkers with examples.
- 19. Explain measurement error in terms of reliability and validity.
- 20. Summarize dietary recall.
- 21. Explain the importance of nutritional epidemiology in public health practice.

Part C

III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 15 marks

(2x15=30)

- 22. Explain any five observational study designs with an example for each.
- 23. Review the current nutritional epidemiological studies.
- 24. Describe the considerations to improve biochemical indicator measures.
- 25. Summarize the prevalence and significance of type 2 diabetes in India.

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