B. A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2022

(2021 Admissions Regular,2020 Admissions Supplementary/Improvement,2019 & 2018 Admissions Supplementary)
SEMESTER III - CORE COURSE (SOCIOLOGY)

SO3B03B18 - CLASSICAL SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

Part A

I. Answer any Ten questions. Each question carries 2 marks

(10x2=20)

- 1. What is meant by structural functionalism?
- 2. Define Grand Theory.
- 3. What is meant by monotheism?
- 4. Discuss the relationship between Charles Darwin and Herbert Spencer.
- 5. Give a short note on Saint Simon.
- 6. Give a short note on Division of Labour in the Society.
- 7. What is repressive law?
- 8. Explain the major characteristics of social facts.
- 9. Explain Class struggle.
- 10. Discuss the idea of 'Spirit of Capitalism'.
- 11. Give a short note on Protestant Ethic and Spirit of Capitalism.
- 12. Define class.

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 5 marks

(6x5=30)

- 13. Give a short note on structural functionalism in sociology with suitable examples.
- 14. Illustrate conflict perspectives in Sociology.
- 15. Evaluate the role of Spencer as the second founding father of Sociology.
- 16. Discuss and differentiate industrial and military society by Herbert Spencer.
- 17. Explain the theory of evolution and social evolution.
- 18. Discuss the Importance of 'Rules of Sociological Method' by Emile Durkheim.
- 19. Discuss Sociology as the study of social facts by Emile Durkheim.
- 20. Critically evaluate the concept of 'Economic Determinism' by Karl Marx.
- 21. Give an elaborate description about Karl Marx's published works and its impact on Sociology.

Part C

III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 15 marks

(2x15=30)

- 22. Discuss the different sociological perspectives and its contemporary relevance.
- 23. Discuss the contributions of Herbert Spencer as a classical sociologist.
- 24. Emile Durkheim, 'first academic sociologist'- make a critical evaluation.
- 25. Explain the contributions made by Emile Durkheim to Sociology.