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M. Sc. DEGREE (C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2021

[2021 Admissions Regular and 2020 Admissions Improvement & Supplementary] SEMESTER I - CORE COURSE (APPLIED STATISTICS AND DATA ANALYTICS) ST1C04TM - SAMPLING THEORY

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Weight: 30

Part A

I. Answer any Eight questions. Each question carries 1 weight

(8x1=8)

- 1. Define random number table method of selection of simple random sample.
- 2. Briefly explain the principles of sample survey.
- 3. Explain lottery method of selection of simple random sample.
- 4. Explain the advantages of stratification.
- 5. What is meant by circular systematic sampling?
- 6. Define Harley Ross ratio type estimator. Give its significance.
- 7. Explain Double sampling and area sampling.
- 8. Define Desraj estimator.
- 9. Explain Lahiri's method under PPS.
- 10. What is inclusion probability?

Part B

II. Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 2 weight

(6x2=12)

- 11. Explain the terms random sampling and non-random sampling, what are their advantages and disadvantages?
- 12. Distinguish between census and sampling. Discuss their merits and demerits.
- 13. Explain relative precision. Find the expression for relative precision of optimum allocation over SRS.
- 14. Compare Stratified random sampling with SRSWOR.
- 15. What is difference estimator? Show that $V(\bar{y_D}) = \frac{N-n}{Nn} (S_y^2 + k^2 S_x^2 2k\rho S_y S_x)$
- 16. Carry out a comparison between cluster sampling and SRS.
- 17. The following table give the number of houses and the area under paddy in 12 villages in West Bengal. Draw a PPS with replacement sample of 4 villages using the number of houses as sizes.

Village No.	1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
No. of houses	15	21	109	51	42	7	11	23	11/	21	28	32

18. Estimate the total production in the 8 orchards and the SE using the H-T estimator for the following data.

Orchard	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
No. of trees	35	20	44	26	40	25	30	50
Yield	40	22	50	30	44	30	35	60

Part C

III. Answer any Two questions. Each question carries 5 weight

(2x5=10)

19. (a) Explain the method of estimation of the population proportion or percentage. (b) Show that p is an unbiased estimate of P when the sample is selected with SRSWR and SRSWOR. (c) Find an estimate for the

variance of the population proportion if the sample is selected using SRSWR scheme.

- 20. Explain Neyman allocation.
- 21. Define cluster sampling, obtain the expression for the variance of the estimator for the population mean. Discuss the relative efficiency of cluster sampling over SRS.
- 22. (a) Explain Harwitz- Thompson estimator, when it is used and its drawbacks.
 - (b) Show that in PPSWOR, \hat{Y}_{H-T} is an unbiased estimate of the population total Y and its sampling

$$V\left(\hat{Y}_{H-T}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left(\frac{1-\pi_i}{\pi_i}\right) y_i^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1 i \neq j}^{N} \left(\frac{\pi_{ij} - \pi_i \pi_j}{\pi_i \pi_j}\right) y_i y_j.$$
 variance is given by,