TB162500B	Reg. No:

B. A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2017

(2016 Admission - Regular & 2015 Admission – Supplementary/Improvement)
SEMESTER II - COMPLEMENTARY COURSE (MATHEMATICS)
MT2CE02B - EXPONENTIAL, LOGARITHMIC FUNCTIONS, LINEAR ALGEBRA
AND ADVANCED CALCULUS

(For Economics)

Time: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 80

PART A

- I. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 1. Express $log_a(69x^3)$ as sum of two terms.
- 2. Write the expression $log_{64}8 = \frac{1}{2}$ in exponential forms.
- 3. Write the Augmented matrix corresponding to the system of equations. $5x_1 + 12x_2 = 32$, $7x_1 3x_2 = 25$
- 4. Give the identity matrix of order 4.
- 5. Find the first order partial derivatives of z = ln(8x+11y)
- 6. Find the second order derivatives z_{xy} and z_{yx} then show that $z_{xy} = z_{yx}$, where $z = 7x^3 4xy + 12y^4$

(6x1=6)

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PART B

- II. Answer any seven questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- 7. Differentiate $7e^{8-3x^2}$
- 8. Differentiate $y = 7xe^{4x}$
- 9. Convert the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 10 \\ 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$ into identity matrix of order 2 using elementary row transformations.
- 10. Find, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ where I is the identity matrix of order 2.
- 11. Find AB for the matrices $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$
- 12. Give the number of basic solutions for a given system of n consistent equations and v variables and v > n
- 13. Define slack and surplus variable in a linear programming problem.
- 14. If z = (8x 5y)(3x + 4y), find z_x and z_y
- 15. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $x^2 + y^2 = 9$
- 16. If $Q = 14 + 4P^3$, find $\frac{dP}{dQ}$

(7x2=14)

PART C

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- III. Answer any five questions. Each question carries 6 marks.
- 17. Differentiate $y = \frac{e^{6x}}{2x+1}$

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- 18. Find AB and BA, if exists where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 5 \\ 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$
- 19. Solve using Gaussian elimination -13x + 9y = 15, 7x 2y = -28
- 20. Using Cramer's rule solve 4x + 5y = 92, 7x + 6y = 128
- 21. Solve the following LPP in graphical method. Minimize $C = 20x_1 + 15x_2$ subject to $3x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 36,6x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 84, x_1,x_2 \ge 0$
- 22. Find the total number of basic solutions that exists for the following LPP Maximize $\pi = 14x_1 + 12x_2 + 18x_3$ subject to $2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \le 2, x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3 \le 4, x_1 \le 6, \quad x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$
- 23. A department store has found that its value of sales Z depends on the number of advertisements in circulars x and in newspapers y, given by Z = 420x 2x² 3xy 5y² + 640y + 1725. If the price per add is Rs.1/- in circulars and Rs.4/- in newspapers and the advertisement budget is Rs.180/-. Find the number of adds in circulars and newspapers that will maximize the sales subject to given conditions.
- 24. Find the maximum of the output function subject to the given constraint if production function $q = K^{0.3}L^{0.5}$, $P_K = Rs. 12/-$, $P_L = Rs. 8/-$ and the product budget is Rs.1280/-

(5x6=30)

PART D

- IV. Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.
- 25. Determine the present value of Rs.5000/- to be paid in 8 years time if current interest of 10% is compounded (i) annually (ii) semi-annually (iii) quarterly (iv) continuously.
- 26. Use cramer's rule to solve $10x 2y \lambda = 0$, $-2x + 16y \lambda = 0$, 60 x y = 0
- 27. Solve using Graphical method Minimize $C = 7y_1 + 4y_2$ subject to $3y_1 + 2y_2 \ge 48,9y_1 + 4y_2 \ge 108,2y_1 + 5y_2 \ge 65, y_1, y_2 \ge 0$
- 28. Optimize the following function, $f(x, y) = 120x 2x^2 xy + 160y 3y^2 + 7$ subject to the constraint 3x + y = 480

(2x15=30)